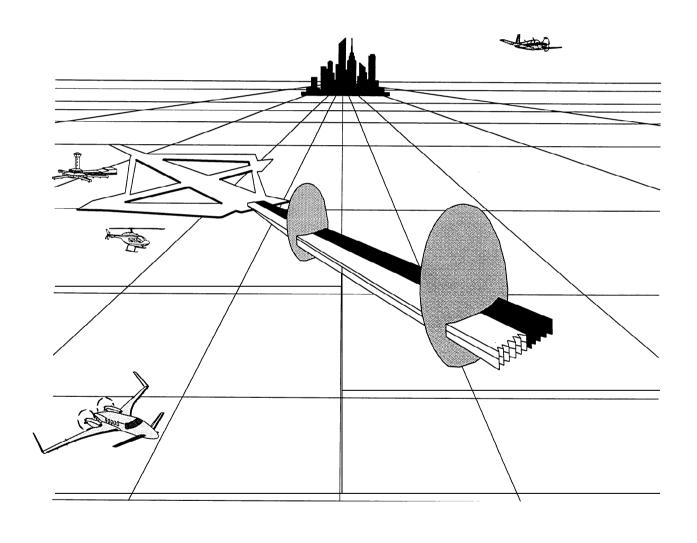
INSTRUMENT RATING KNOWLEDGE TEST GUIDE





U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Aviation Administration

INSTRUMENT RATING KNOWLEDGE TEST GUIDE

1995

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION
Flight Standards Service

PREFACE

The Flight Standards Service of the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) has developed this guide to help applicants meet the knowledge requirements for instrument rating certification.

This guide contains information about eligibility requirements, test descriptions, testing and retesting procedures, and sample test questions representative of those used in the official tests. Sample test questions and choices of answers are based on regulations, principles, and practices valid at the time this guide was printed. In addition, appendix 1 provides a list of reference materials and subject matter knowledge codes, and computer testing designees. The list of subject matter knowledge codes should be referred to when reviewing areas of deficiency on the airman test report. Changes to the subject matter knowledge code list will be published as a separate advisory circular.

The instrument rating test question bank and subject matter knowledge code list for all airmen certificates and ratings, with changes, may be obtained by computer modem from **FedWorld** at **(703) 321-8020**. This bulletin board service is provided by the U.S. Department of Commerce, **24** hours a day, 7 days per week. For technical assistance regarding computer software and modem requirements for this service, contact the **FedWorld** help desk at **(703) 487-46008** from **7:30** a.m. to 5 p.m. EST, Monday through Friday.

This publication may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402-93225 or from U.S. Government Printing Office bookstores' located m major cities throughout the United States.

Comments regarding this guide should be sent to:

Federal Aviation Administration
Operations Support Branch, AFS-630
ATTN: Instrument Rating Certification Area Manager
P.O. Box 25082
Oklahoma City, OK 73125

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INSTRUMENT RATING KNOWLEDGE TEST GUIDE

INTRODUCTION

The FAA has available hundreds of computer testing centers nationwide. These testing centers offer the full range of airman knowledge tests including military competence, instrument foreign pilot, and pilot examiner predesignated tests. Refer to appendix 1 in this guide for a list of computer testing designees.

This knowledge test guide was developed to be used by applicants preparing to take the instrument rating knowledge tests using a computer. This guide covers the areas of knowledge for the instrument rating. It also provides a foundation in those procedures established by Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR's) to ensure safe and orderly instrument flight operations within the national airspace.

Applicants preparing for the instrument knowledge test should use this guide to determine what type of questions to expect on the actual knowledge test. The FAA has developed a bank of questions covering the specific subject matter areas pertaining to the four instrument rating areas. These areas are:

Instrument Rating — Airplane
Instrument Rating — Helicopter
Instrument Rating — Foreign Pilot
Instrument Rating — Airship (when it becomes available with a change in the FAR's)

Knowledge tests for the instrument ratings listed above consist of a selection of questions in the areas that pertain to the FAR requirements, attitude instrument flying, flight planning, meteorology, the pilot's responsibility when operating under instrument flight rules (IFR); and IFR operations pertinent to preflight, departure, en route, and arrival. The instrument rating — foreign pilot test includes questions that pertain to instrument flight rules and related procedures. These tests can be administered by any authorized computer testing center.

ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

The general prerequisites for an instrument rating require that the applicant have a combination of experience, knowledge, and skill. For specific information pertaining to certification, an applicant should carefully review the appropriate sections of FAR Part 61 for instrument rating requirements.

Additionally, to be eligible for an instrument rating, applicants must:

- 1. Hold at least a current private pilot certificate with an aircraft rating appropriate to the instrument rating sought.
- **2.** Be able to read, speak, and understand the English language.
- **3.** Show satisfactory completion of ground instruction or home study course required by FAR Part **61** for the certificate or rating sought.
- **4.** Present as personal identification an airman certificate, driver's license, or birth certificate showing that they meet the age requirements prescribed for the certificate sought no later than **2** years from the date of application for the test.

KNOWLEDGE AREAS ON THE TESTS

An applicant for the knowledge test for an instrument rating must have received ground instruction, or have logged home study in at least the following areas:

- 1. The FAR's that apply to flight under **IFR** conditions, the Airman's Information Manual (AIM), and the **IFR** air traffic system and procedures.
- **2.** Dead reckoning appropriate to **IFR** navigation; **IFR** navigation by radio aids using the **VOR, ADF,** and **ILS** systems; and the use of **IFR** charts and instrument approach procedures.
- **3.** The procurement and use of aviation weather reports and forecasts, and the elements of forecasting weather trends on the basis of that information and personal observation of weather conditions.
- **4.** The safe and efficient operation of aircraft, as appropriate, under instrument weather conditions.

DESCRIPTION OF THE TESTS

All test questions are the objective, multiple-choice type, with three choices of answers. Each question can be answered by the selection of a single response. Each test question is independent of other questions, that is, a correct response to one does not depend upon, or influence the correct response to another.

A significant number of the questions are "category-specific" and appear ONLY on the airplane test, the helicopter test, or the airship test. The 20-question "added rating" tests are composed mostly of these "category-specific" questions. A 20-question "added rating" test is administered to an applicant who already holds an instrument rating in one category (airplane or helicopter) and wishes to meet the knowledge requirements for the other category. The "category-specific" questions pertain to such knowledge areas as **recency** of experience and weather minimums.

Tests developed from the instrument rating knowledge bank of questions:

Instrument Rating — Airplane
Instrument Rating — Rotorcraft/Helicopter
Instrument Rating — Airplane (Added Rating)
Instrument Rating — Rotorcraft/Helicopter
(Added Rating)
Instrument Rating — Foreign Pilot
Instrument Flight Instructor — Airplane
Instrument Flight Instructor — Rotorcraft/Helicopter
(Added Rating)
Instrument Flight Instructor — Rotorcraft/ Helicopter
(Added Rating)
Instrument Flight Instructor — Rotorcraft/ Helicopter
(Added Rating)
Ground Instructor — Instrument

Ground instructor-instrument applicants should be prepared to answer any question that appears in the instrument question bank as they are expected to teach all instrument ratings.

The instrument rating-airplane and helicopter have **60** questions each and **2.5** hours is allowed for taking each test.

The instrument flight instructor-airplane and helicopter, the ground instructor-instrument, and the instrument rating-foreign pilot tests have 50 questions each and 2.5 hours is allowed for taking each test.

All added rating tests have **20** questions each and **1.0** hour is allowed for taking each test.

A score of **70** percent must be **attained to** successfully pass each test.

Communication between individuals through the use of words is a complicated process. In addition to being an exercise in the application and use of aeronautical knowledge, a test is also an exercise in communication since it involves the use of the written language. Since the tests involve written rather than spoken words, communication between the test writer and the person being tested may become a difficult matter if care is not exercised by both parties. Consequently, considerable effort is expended to write each question in a clear, precise manner. Make sure you carefully read the instructions given with each test, as well as the statements in each test item.

When taking a test, keep the following points in mind:

- **1.** Answer each question in accordance with the latest regulations and procedures.
- **2.** Read each question carefully before looking at the possible answers. You should clearly understand the problem before attempting to solve it.
- **3.** After formulating an answer, determine which choice most nearly corresponds with that answer. The answer chosen should completely resolve the problem.
- **4.** From the answer given, it may appear that there is more than one possible answer. However, there is only one answer that is correct and complete. The other answers are either incomplete or are derived from popular misconceptions.
- 5. If a certain question is difficult for you, it is best to mark it for RECALL and proceed to the other questions. After you answer the less difficult questions, return to those which you marked for recall and answer them. The recall marking procedure will be explained to you prior to starting the test. Although the computer should alert you to unanswered questions, make sure every question has an answer recorded. This procedure will enable you to use the available time to the maximum advantage.
- **6.** When solving a calculation problem, select the answer nearest to your solution. The problem has been checked with various types of calculators; therefore, if you have solved it correctly, your answer will be closer to the correct answer than any of the other choices.

TAKING A KNOWLEDGE TEST BY COMPUTER

You should determine what authorization requirements are necessary before contacting or going to the computer testing center. Testing center personnel cannot begin the test until you provide them with the proper authorization, if one is required. A limited number of tests require no authorization. However, you should always check with your instructor or local Flight Standards District **Office** if you are not sure **what'kind** of authorization you need to bring to the testing facility.

The next step is the actual registration process. Most computer testing centers require that all applicants contact a central **1-800** phone number. At this time you should select a testing site of your choice, schedule a test date, and make financial arrangements for test payment. You may register for tests several weeks in advance of the proposed testing date. You may also cancel your appointment up to 2 business days before test time, without financial penalty. After that time, you may be subject to a cancellation fee as determined by the testing center.

You are now ready to take the test. Remember, you always have an opportunity to take a sample test before the actual test begins. Your actual test is under a time limit, but if you know your material, there should be sufficient time to complete and review your test.

Within moments of completing the test, you will receive an airman test report, which contains your score. It will list those subject matter knowledge areas where questions were answered incorrectly. The total number of subject matter knowledge codes shown on the test report is not necessarily an indication of the total number of questions answered incorrectly. These codes refer to a list of knowledge areas that can be found in appendix 1 of this guide. You can study these knowledge areas to improve your understanding of the subject matter.

Your instructor is required to review each of the knowledge areas listed on your airman test report with you, and complete an endorsement that remedial study was conducted in these deficient areas. The examiner may also quiz you on these areas of deficiency during the practical test.

The airman test report, which must show the computer testing company's embossed seal, is an important document. **DO NOT LOSE THE AIRMAN TEST REPORT** as you will need to present it to the examiner prior to taking the practical test. Loss of this report means that you will have to request a duplicate copy from the FAA in Oklahoma City. This will be costly and time consuming.

CHEATING OR OTHER UNAUTHORIZED CONDUCT

Computer testing centers follow rigid testing procedures established by the FAA. This includes test security. When entering the test area, you are permitted to take only scratch paper furnished by the test administrator and an authorized aviation computer, plotter, etc., approved for use in accordance with FAA Order 8080.6, Conduct of Airmen Knowledge Testing via the Computer Medium, and AC 60-11, Aids Authorized for Use by Airman Written Test Applicants. The FAA has directed testing centers to stop a test any time a test administrator suspects a cheating incident has occurred. An FAA investigation will then follow. If the investigation determines that cheating or other unauthorized conduct has occurred, any airman certificate that you hold may be revoked, and you may not be allowed to take a test for 1 year.

RETESTING PROCEDURES

If the score on the airman test report is 70 percent or above, it is valid for 24 calendar months. The ground instructor instrument and instrument foreign pilot tests do not have an expiration date. You may elect to retake any test, in anticipation of a better score, after 30 days from the date your last test was taken. Prior to retesting, you must give your current airman test report to the computer testing administrator. Remember, the score of the latest test you take will become the official test score. The FAA will not consider allowing anyone with a passing score to retake a test before the 30-day remedial study period.

A person who fails a knowledge test may apply for retesting before **30** days of the last test providing that person presents the failed test report and an endorsement from an authorized instructor certifying that additional instruction has been given, and the instructor finds the person competent to pass the test. A person may retake a failed test after **30** days without an endorsement from an authorized instructor.

EXPLANATION OF THE SAMPLE TEST

The sample questions in this guide are similar to the instrument rating test questions.

Knowledge in all areas presented in the study guide, not just the ability to respond to sample test questions, should be the goal in preparing for the test. For example, applicants should expect to encounter many test questions dealing with detailed **ATC** procedures, and may prepare themselves for such test questions by careful study of Part I of the Airman's Information Manual.

Correct responses, references, and detailed explanations for the sample test questions are included with the test questions.

This sample test is based on an instrument flight from the **Reno** Cannon International Airport in **Reno**, Nevada, to the Bishop Airport in Bishop, California. A completed flight plan, navigational log, and airplane information sheet are provided for information purposes.

The sample questions, responses, and analyses are based on procedures and regulations in effect at the time of preparation of this publication. When taking the test, always use the most current information available.

SAMPLE TEST QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

- 1. When is the **VOR** navigation system required to be checked for bearing error limits before operating under instrument flight rules?
- A-Within **10** days or **10** aircraft hours, whichever occurs first.

B-Within the last **30** days.

C-Within the last **60** days.

Answer B-Subject Matter Code: **Bl0** (FAR Section **91.171**), **VOR** equipment check **for IFR** operation.

- 2. What experience must the pilot have to conduct a flight under IFR as pilot in command in an airplane?
- A-Passed an instrument competency check in the category of aircraft involved within the preceding **6-month** period.
- B-Have had 6 hours simulated instrument time and three approaches in airplanes within the preceding **&month** period.
- C-Have 3 hours' simulated instrument time in airplanes and 3 hours in helicopters in the preceding **&month** period.

Answer A-Subject Matter Code: **A20** (FAR Section **61.57E(1))e).** If a pilot passes a competency check, the pilot does not have to meet the recent instrument experience requirements.

NOTE: **The** questions pertain to a proposed **IFR flight** from **Reno** Cannon International Airport, in **Reno**, Nevada, to the Bishop Airport in Bishop, California.

The route of flight is given in figure I, block 8. Information which pertains to your aircraft is given in figure 1. Additional information required to complete the flight time computation is given in figure 2.

3. (Refer to figure 1, and the previous NOTE.) What aircraft equipment code should be entered in block 3 of the flight plan?

A-A.

B-T.

c - u .

Answer C-Subject Matter Code: **J15** (AIM paragraph **5-7**). In block 3 of the flight plan, you enter the designation of the aircraft followed by a slash and a letter **for** the equipment code. Figure I indicates only a transponder with Mode **C**.

4. (Refer to figure 1.) What CAS must be used to maintain the filed TAS at the flight planned altitude if the OAT is -15 °CC?

A-11377 KCAS.

B-1142 KCAS.

C-11488 KCAS.

Answer B-Subject Matter Code: H06 (AC 61-23, chapters VI and VII). In the center of the computer side of your flight computer, on the right side, put the air temperature of -159 over the altitude of 17,000 feet (from block 7 of the flight plan, figure 1) then on the outer scale, ffund TAS of 185 (from block 4) which is over calibrated airspeed on the inner scale of 142 knots.

5. (Refer to figures 1 and 2.) (Use the FD excerpt below for RNO and use the entry closest to the flight planned altitude. Use the variation given for the FMG VORTACC site in figure 2.) What is the entry to be made in block 10 of the flight plan shown in figure 1?

FT 6000 9000 12000 18000 RNO 1920+02 2038-05 2258-15

A-l hour 19 minutes.

B-l hour 24 minutes.

C-1 hour **29** minutes.

Answer B-Subject Matter Code: H06 (AC 61-23, chapters VI and VII). To determine the estimated time en route to be entered in block 10, you must complete the flight planning log in figure 2.

Note that the variation on figure 2 is 16E, which is magnetic variation of 16° E. Subtract this from 220° (to convert wind from true to magnetic). Compute the groundspeed by use of wind, magnetic course, and true airspeed. By using groundspeed and distance, you can determine the time for each leg. Computed time is I hour 24 minutes and 12 seconds, which is nearest the listed response of I hour 24 minutes.

6 (Refer to figure 3.) Under which flight condition or location does the MUSTANG TWO DEPARTURE terminate?

A-At the **FMG VORTAC**.

B-When arriving at the flight planned altitude or altitude as amended by **ATC**.

C-When arriving at **YERIN** intersection.

Answer A-Subject Matter Code: **J16**. The departure route description at the bottom of the **SID** on figure 3 indicates that aircraft climbs via **IRNO** North **LOC** course to **SPK**, then right turn to **FMG VORTAC** or assigned route.

7. (Refer to figure 3.) What is the minimum rate of climb required to meet the Mustang Two Departure, RWY 34L, at 140 knots ground speed? (Mustang Two Departure, RWY 34L))

A-2270 FPM. **B**-5583 FPM. **C**-7000 FPM.

Answer C-Subject Matter Code: **J16.** On figure **3**, the note in the middle of the **SID** requires a minimum climb rate of **270** feet per NM to **6,700** feet. At a groundspeed of **140** knots, **2.333** NM is traveled in I minute. This requires a climb rate of approximately **630 FPM.** (**2.333** \times **270** = **630**) (any climb rate over **630 FPM** will be satisfactory). An easy way to calculate rate-of-climb requirements is to use the rate-of-climb table in the instrument approach procedures legend.

8. (Refer to figure 4.) What is the visibility requirement for your aircraft approach category?

A-11-11/4 statute mile.

B—11-11//2 statute mile.

C-1133/44 statute mile.

Answer B-Subject Matter Code J18 (AIM paragraph 5-46)). For the VOR-A approach at BISHOP, the minimum descent altitude (MDA) for Category B aircraft is 7,400 feet with 1-1/12 mile visibility. The VSO on figure I is given as 74. 1.3 VSO is 96 knots, which is Category B.

9. When using a 2-bar VASI system, what visual indication should be observed when on the VASI glidepath approaching a runway?

- A-Two bars on the left side of the runway; the far bars red and the near bars white.
- B-Two bars on the **left** side of the runway and two bars on the right side of the runway; the far bars red and near bars white.
- C-Two bars on the right side of the runway; the far bars red and the near bars white.

Answer A-Subject Matter Code: **J03** (AIM paragraph **2-2**)). The light units are on the left side of the runway on **2-bar VASI's.** When on the **VASI** glidepath, near lights are white and the far lights are red.

10 (Refer to figure 5.) Which VOR equipment check is acceptable on the northwest end of taxiway A at Reno Cannon International?

- **A—OBS** set to **229, CDI** centered, TO/FROM shows FROM, and the **DME** indicates **5.8** NM.
- **B-ODBS** set to **059, CDI** indicates **29** to the right, TO/FROM shows TO, and the **DME** indicates blank.
- C-QDBS set to 239, CDI indicates 3° to the left, TO/FROM shows TO, and the DME indicates 5.5 NM.

Answer B-Subject Matter Code: BIO. At Reno Cannon International, the VOR DME equipment check listed under VOR receiver checkpoints on figure 5 indicates that at the northwest end of taxiway A, there is a ground check on the 2399 radial from the facility, which is 5.5 NM. Set the OBS to 059° (239° minus 180°) and the TO/FROM indicator indicates TO. The CDI indicates 29 to the right, which is acceptable as the FAR requires you to be within plus or minus 4° on ground checks. The blank DME is acceptable because VOR checks require no DME verification.

APPENDIX 1

LIST OF REFERENCE MATERIALS AND SUBJECT MATTER KNOWLEDGE CODES

The publications listed in the following pages contain study material you need to be familiar with when preparing for instrument rating knowledge tests. All of these publications can be purchased through U.S. Government bookstores, commercial aviation supply houses, or industry organizations. The latest revision of the listed references should be requested. Additional study material is also available through these sources that may be helpful in preparing for knowledge tests.

The subject matter knowledge codes establish the specific reference for the knowledge standard. When reviewing results of your knowledge test, you should compare the subject matter knowledge code(s) on your airman test report to the ones found below. This will be helpful for both review and preparation for the practical test.

FAR 61 Certification: Pilots and Flight Instructors	AC 61-23 Pilot's Handbook Of Aeronautical Knowledge
A20 General A21 Aircraft Ratings and Special Certificates A23 Private Pilots A24 Commercial Pilots A26 Flight Instructors FAR 91 General Operating and Flight Rules	 HO3 Flight Instruments HO4 Airplane Performance HO5 Weather HO6 Basic Calculations Using Navigational Computers or Electronic Calculators HO7 Navigation HO9 Appendix 1: Obtaining FAA Publications
1 3 3	
B07 General	AC 61-21 Flight Training Handbook
B08 Flight Rules – General	H62 Emergency Flight by Reference to
B09 Visual Flight Rules	H62 Emergency Flight by Reference to Instruments
B10 Instrument Flight Rules	instruments
B1 1 Equipment, Instrument, and Certification	AC 61-27 Instrument Flying Handbook
Requirements Special Elight Operations	AC 61-27 Instrument Flying Handbook
B12 Special Flight Operations Proventing Maintenance and	IO1 Training Considerations
B13 Maintenance, Preventive Maintenance, and Alterations	102 Instrument Flying: Coping with Illusions in
Alterations	Flight
FAR 97 Standard Instrument Approach	103 Aerodynamic Factors Related to Instrument
Procedures	Flying
PINEACHURESS	104 Basic Flight Instruments
B97 General	105 Attitude Instrument Flying-Airplanes
By General	106 Attitude Instrument Flying-Helicopters
NTSB 830 Rules Pertaining to the Notification a	
Reporting of Aircraft Accidents or Incidents a	
Overdue Aircraft, and Preservation of Aircraft	
Wreckage, Mail, Cargo, and Records	Equipment
witchase, mail, cargo, and receous	I10 The Federal Airways System and Controlled
GIO General	Airspace
Gil Initial Notification of Aircraft Accidents,	III Air Traffic Control
Incidents, and Overdue Aircraft	I12 ATC Operations and Procedures
G12 Preservation of Aircraft Wreckage, Mail,	I13 Flight Planning
Cargo, and Records	114 Appendix: Instrument Instructor Lesson
G13 Reporting of Aircraft Accidents, Incidents,	Guide — Airplanes
and Overdue Aircraft	Segment of En Route Low Altitude Chart

AC 00-	S Aviation Weather	J15	Preflight	
		J16	Departure Procedures	
120	The Earth's Atmosphere	J17	En Route Procedures	
121	Temperature	J18	Arrival Procedures	
122	Atmospheric Pressure and Altimetry	J19	Pilot/Controller Roles and Responsibilities	
123	Wind	321	Emergency Procedures — General	
124	Moisture, Cloud Formation, and	J22	Emergency Services Available to Pilots	
	Precipitation	J23	Distress and Urgency Procedures	
I25	Stable and Unstable Air	524	Two-Way Radio Communications Failure	a
126	Clouds	525	Meteorology	
I27	Air Masses and Fronts	J 26	Altimeter Setting Procedures	
128	Turbulence	527	Wake Turbulence	
129	Icing	529	Potential Flight Hazards	
130	Thunderstorms	5 30	Safety, Accident, and Hazard Reports	
I31	Common IFR Producers	531	Fitness for Flight	
I32	High Altitude Weather	532	Type of Charts Available	
I36	Glossary of Weather Terms	533	Pilot Controller Glossary	
		534	Airport/Facility Directory	
AC 00-	45 Aviation Weather Services	J35	En Route Low Altitude Chart	
		J36	En Route High Altitude Chart	
I40	The Aviation Weather Service Program	J39	Terminal Area Chart	
I41	Surface Aviation Weather Reports	J40	Standard Instrument Departure (SID) Chart	
142	Pilot and Radar Reports and Satellite	J41	Standard Terminal Arrival (STAR) Chart	
	Pictures	J42	Instrument Approach Procedures (IAP)	
I43	Aviation Weather Forecasts	. ~ .	A 16 11 1 17 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
I44	Surface Analysis Chart	AC 67	-2 Medical Handbook For Pilots	
I45	Weather Depiction Chart	750	II	
146	Radar Summary Chart	352	Hypoxia	
147	Significant Weather Prognostics	J56	Alcohol	
I48	Winds and Temperatures Aloft	J57	Drugs and Flying	
I49	Composite Moisture Stability Chart	J 58	Carbon Monoxide	
150	Severe Weather Outlook Chart	J59	Vision	
I51	Constant Pressure Charts	J60	Night Flying	
152	Tropopause Data Chart	361	Cockpit Lighting	
153	Tables and Conversion Graphs	562 J63	Disorientation (Vertigo) Motion Sickness	
AIM	Airman's Information Manual	J64 J65	Fatigue Noise	
704	ALM CONTRACT	J66		
J01	Air Navigation Radio Aids	J67	Age Some Psychological Aspects of Flying	
J02	Radar Services and Procedures	JUI	Some Esychological Aspects of Flying	
J03	Airport Lighting Aids	A 44:4:	onal Advisory Circulars	
J04	Air Navigation and Obstruction Lighting	Auuiu	onal Auvisory Circulars	
J05	Airport Marking Aids and Signs	K01	AC 00-24 , Thunderstorms	
J06	Airspace — General	K02	AC 00-30 , Rules of Thumb for Avoiding or	
J07	Class G Airspace	K02	Minimizing Encounters with Clear Air	
J08	Controlled Airspace		Turbulence	
J09	Special Use Airspace	K04	AC 00-54 , Pilot Wind Shear Guide	
J100 T11	Other Airspace Areas Service Available to Pilots	K23	AC 20-12 1, Airworthiness Approval of	
J11		للسفدد	Airborne Loran C Systems for Use in the	
512	Radio Communications Phraseology and		U.S. National Airspace System	
513	Techniques Airport Operations	K40	AC 25-4 , Inertial Navigation System (INS)	
J13 J14	ATC Clearance/Separations	K80	AC 60-4 , Pilot's Spatial Disorientation	
714	rate Cicaranec/Deparations			

- L50 AC 91-6, Water, Slush, and Snow on the Runway
- L53 AC 91-14, Altimeter Setting Sources
- **L57** AC **91-43**, Unreliable Airspeed Indications
- L59 AC 91-46, Gyroscopic Instruments Good Operating Practices
- **L61** AC **91-50**, Importance of Transponder Operation and Altitude Reporting
- **L62** AC 9**1-51,** Airplane Deice and Anti-Ice Systems
- L70 AC 91-67, Minimum Equipment Requirements for General Aviation Operations Under FAR Part 91
- **M51** AC **20-117,** Hazards Following Ground Deicing and Ground Operations in Conditions Conductive to Aircraft Icing

FAA Accident Prevention Program Bulletins

- **V01 FAA-P-8740-2,** Density Altitude
- **V02 FAA-P-8740-5,** Weight and Balance
- **V03 FAA-P-8740-12,** Thunderstorms
- **V04 FAA-P-8740-19,** Flying Light Twins Safely
- **V05 FAA-P-8740-23,**PlanningyourTakeoff
- **V06 FAA-P-8740-24,** Tips on Winter **Flying**
- **V07 FAA-P-8740-25,** Always Leave Yourself an out
- **V08 FAA-P-8740-30,** How to Obtain a Good Weather Briefing
- **V09 FAA-P-8740-40,** Wind Shear
- VIO FAA-P-8740-41, Medical Facts for Pilots
- V11 FAA-P-8740-44, Impossible Turns
- **V12 FAA-P-8740-48,** On Landings, Part I
- **V13 FAA-P-8740-49**, On Landings, Part II
- **V14 FAA-P-8740-50,** On landings, Part III
- **V1.5 FAA-P-8740-51,** How to Avoid a Midair Collision
- V16 FAA-P-8740-52, The Silent Emergency

NOTE: AC **00-2,** Advisory Circular Checklist, transmits the status of **all** FAA advisory circulars (AC's), as **well** as FAA internal publications and miscellaneous flight information such as Airman's Information Manual (AIM), Airport/Facility Directory, practical test standards, knowledge test guides, and other material directly related to airman certificates and ratings. To obtain a free copy of AC **00-2,** send your request to:

U.S. Department of Transportation General Services Section, **M-45.3** Washington, DC **20590**

Appendix 1

COMPUTER TESTING DESIGNEES

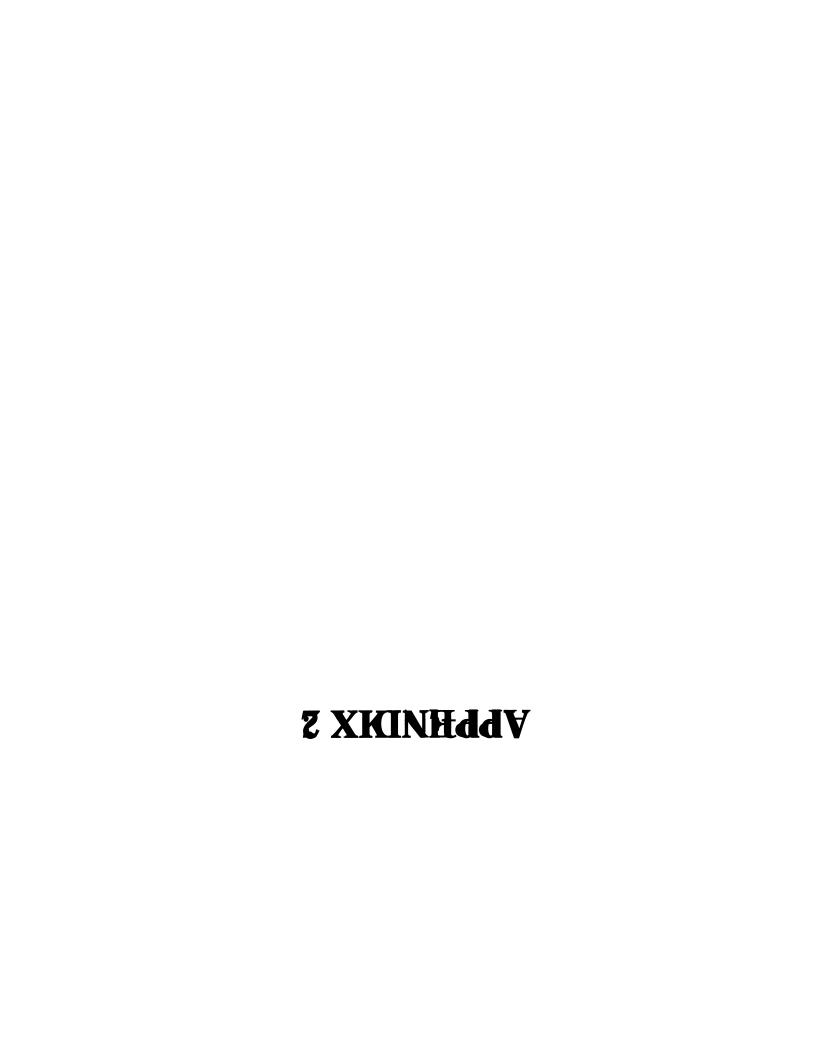
The following is a list of the computer testing designees authorized to give FAA knowledge tests. This list should be helpful in choosing where to register for a test or for requesting additional information.

Aviation Business Services 1-800-947-4228 outside U.S. (415) 259-8550

Drake Prometric 1-800-359-3278 outside U.S. (612) 896-7702

Sylvan Learning Systems, Inc. 1-800-967-1100 outside U.S. (410) 880-0880, Extension 8890

The latest listing of computer testing center locations may be obtained through FedWorld, (703) 321-8020, in the FAA library file named TST_SITE. For technical assistance, contact the FedWorld help desk at (703) 487-4608.

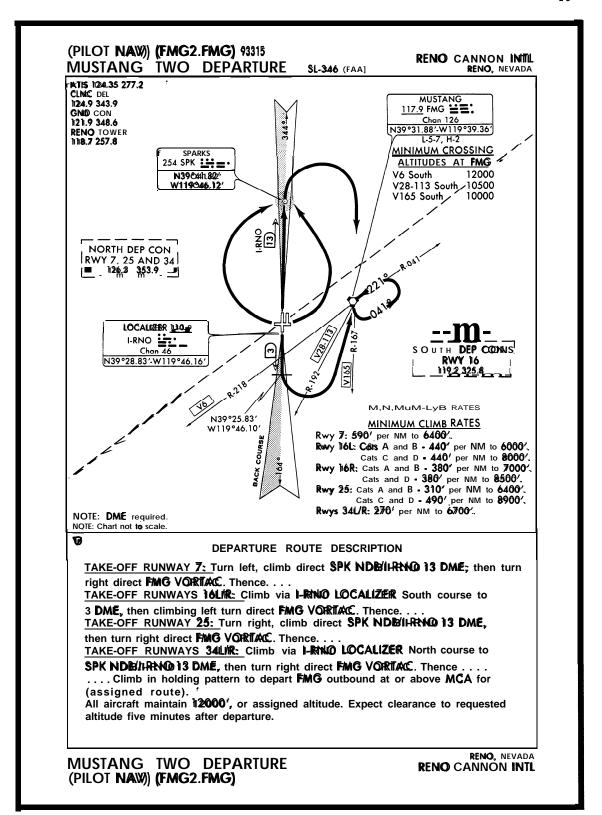


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		г	-IGHT F L	AII	*		STOPOVER			
ī	1. TY	PE	2. AIRCRAFT		CRAFT TYPE/	4. TRUE	5. DEPARTURE POINT	6. DEPARTURE	TIME 7	CRUISING
	,	VFR	- IDENTIFICATI	ON SPE	CIAL EQUIPMEN	T AIRSPEED		PROPOSED (Z) A	CTUAL (Z)	ALTITUDE
		IFR	N11234A		BE58	185	RNO	1900		17,000
Η,		DVFR	E FUCUT			IR §				
'	. ROI	JIE C	F FLIGHT MUSTA	ANG TWO	DEPARTURE.	FMG V105, O	AL. DIRECT			
							,			
H			TION (Name of a	irport 10. E	ST. TIME ENRO	UTE 11. REMA	ARKS			
	and	GEN)	I	но	URS MINUT		AINING FLIGHT			
		BIH				116	AINING PEIGHT			
111	2. Fl	JEL O	N BOARD	13. ALTERN	ATE AIRPORT(S) 14, PILOT'S	NAME, ADDRESS & TELEPH	IONE NUMBER & AIRCR	AFT HOME BASE	1 15, NUMBER
h	HOL	IRS	MINUTES				E PILOT			ABOARD
		5	09	N/A		17. DESTI	NATION CONTACT/TELEPH	ONE (OPTIONAL)		2
		•	00							
H	16. C	OLOR	OF AIRCRAFT				art 91 requires you file an I			
	RE	D/WH	IITE/BLUE		Federal Aviation	n Act of 1958, as am	could result in a civil penalty nended). Filing of a VFR flight na DVFR fliatht plans.	not to exceed \$1,000 for plan is recommended as a	r each violation (a good operating p	Section 901 of the practice. See also
		F	7233-1 (8-82)		•		PLAN WITH		ESS ON	ΛΡΡΙ\/ΛΙ
					AIR	CRAFT I	NFORMATION			
			MAI	KF	Beech	crafit	MODEL	BE58		
			1017 (1	· -				<u> </u>		
	NN 1 1 1583A3A VSO 24 KHAS									
	AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT / STATUS **									
	**NOTE: X = OPERATIVE INOP = INOPERATIVE N/A = NOT APPLICABLE									
			-	-	-		ocallizen) X (Gl			
			•	-	-		W: <u>N/A</u> Vertica	ll Path Comp	outer <u>N/A</u>	<u> </u>
	D	ME	: <u>Inop</u> . M	larker E	Beacon:	(Audio) <u>X</u>	(Visual) <u>X</u>			

FIGURE 1 .- Completed Flight Plan.

FLIGHT LOG RENO CANNON, (RNO)) TO BISHOP (BIH)											
CHECK P	OINTS	I ROUTE	 	WIND	SPEEL	O-KTS	DIST	TIM	E	FU	JEL .
FROM	то	ALTITUDE	COURSE	темр	TAS	GS	NM	LEG	тот	LEG	тот
RNO	FMG	SID CLIMB	MUSTANG TWO DEPT	220/58					,		
FMG	YERIN	V105 CLIMB	119°		185kts	133kts	511	:23:00			
YERIN	OAL	V1005 17,000	120°			170kts	82	:29:00			
OAL	ВІН	DIRECT 16,000	200°			127kts	47	:22:12			
	AIRPORT	APPROACI LANDING	1 &					:10:00			
							180	1:24:12			
OTHER	DATA:	.R. 16 ⁵ E	<u>I</u>				FI	LIGHT SU	MMARY		
ľ		JELAT 30 g a	al/hr			TIME	FUEI		EN DO		
		tal Fuel 15 5				1: <u>24</u> 3:30	255 I		EN RO RESER		
		10 hrs. fuel 1 5 hr @ cruise				:15	45 1ь			D APPR.	
		15 holding or		Iternate		209	930 1	b	TOTA	L	
	2,4	No Holding Of	une wa	itemate		- MAP	2001	-	IOIA		

FIGURE 2.—FFlight Planning Log.



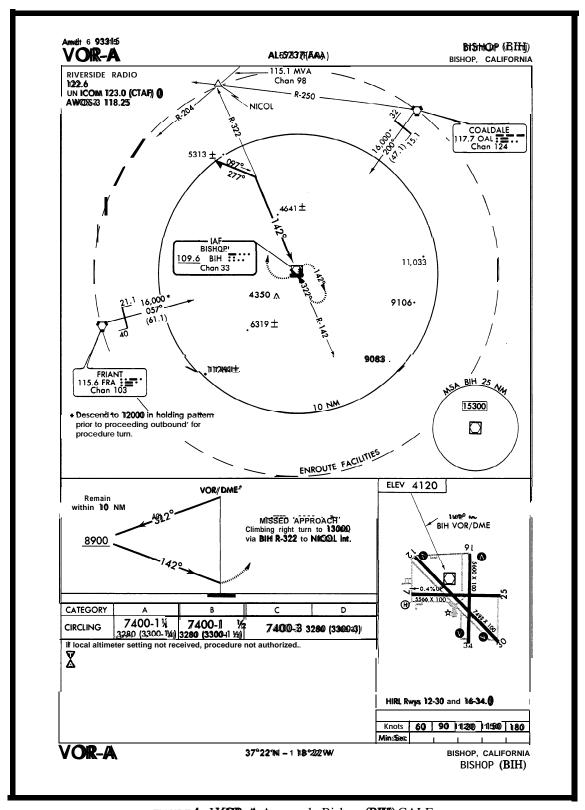


FIGURE 4.—WOR—A Approach, Bishop, (BIH) CALF.

220 VOR RECEI VERCHECK COLORADO

VOR RECEIVER CHECK POINTS

Facility Name (Airport Name)	Freq/lident	Type Check Pt. Gnd. AB WALT	Azimuth from Fac.Mag.	Dist. from Fac. N.M.	Check Point Description
Akron Butts Cortez (Cortez-Montezuma County) Durango (Durango-La Plata County)	114.4/AKO 108.8/FC\$ 108.4/CEZ 108.2/DRO	A/6000 A/9500 A/7000 G	179 134 196 008	7.0 28.0 0.6	Over legted twr. Over Pueblo Vortexc. Over apdh end rwy 21. At turnout apdh end rwy
	108.2/DRO	G	223	0.6	20. At bend of southern most taxiway.
Fruita (Walker Fld)	1:09:.0/RHU	A/6000	111	7.0	Over intersection of Rwys 04-22 and 111-29.
Gill (Greeley-\Webb) County)	114.2/GLL	A/6500	215	7.5	Over silos of sugar beet
Hayden (Craig-Mofffatt)	115.6/CHE 108.6/MTU	A/7200 G	248 143	9.6 0.7	factory. Over apch end rwy 25. In front of airline terminal building.
Pueblo (Pueblo Memorial)	116.7/PUB	G	249	4.0	On painted circle with arrow on runup pad S
	116.7/PUB	A/7300	294	7.8	side apodn end rwy 08L . Over KOAA TV twr, 5.4 NM of arpot .

VOR TEST FACILITIES (VOT)

		Type, VOT	
Facility Name (Airport Name)	Freq.	Facility	Remarks
Denver (Stapleton Inti)	110.0	G	
Centennial	108.2	G	
Colorado Springs			
(City of Colorado Springs Munii)	110.4	G	

NEVADA

VOR RECEIVER CHECK POINTS

Facility Name (Airport Name)	Freq/ident	Type Check Pt. Gnd . AB/ALT	Azimuth from Fac. Mag.	Dist. from Fac. N.M.	Check Point Description
Bullion (Elko Mumi-J.C, Harris Fld)	114.5/BQU 110.6/ELY	A/7000 G	343 060	5.1	Over center of race track. On southside twy leading to passenger terminal area.
Mustang (Reno Cannon Inti)	117.9VFMG 117.9/FMG	G G	229 239	5.8 5.5	On Jet west ramp. Northwest end taxiway A
Mustang (Reno/Stead)	117.9/FMG 114.2/LWL	A/7000 A/7000	293 286	12.8 8.3	Over atct . Over radio twr .
	VOR TEST	FACILITIES	(VOT)		

 $\label{eq:Figure S.-Excerpt from the Airport Facility Directory.}$



U.S. Department of Transportation

Federal Aviation Administration

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